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Novel 3-C-Aminomethyl-hexofuranose-Derived Thioureas and Oxazolidinones and their Testing in Asymmetric Synthesis

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Carbohydrate scaffolds have raised the interest in the field of organocatalysis. The thiourea derivatives arising from the corresponding glycosidic isothiocyanates and diaminocyclohexane or their *N*-monosubstituted equivalents among other transformations are successfully used in aza-Henry reactions, decarboxylative Mannich reactions and Michael additions to nitrostirene. The design of the aforementioned catalysts most frequently exploits the thiourea attachment via glycosidic bond. There are only few examples in which the cores of glucosamine and 4,6-dideoxy-4,6-diamino-hexopyranose are used for thiourea synthesis. It should be also stressed out that the comparison of number of pyranose-based and furanose-based organocatalysts show the predominance of the forme. On the other hand, furanose-like isohexides have proved to be versatile scaffolds in asymmetric catalysis.

Hence, we were intrigued to explore the organocatalytic applications of furanose-derived thioureas 2 obtained from the branched β -amino alcohols of general type 1.

The results on alkylation of indole by β -nitrostyrene and Michael addition of nitromethane to *trans*-chalcone catalyzed by thioureas of type 2 will be discussed.

Additionally, intermediates 1 can be easily transformed into corresponding spiro-oxazolidinones 3. Several types of diastereoselective transformations have profited from oxazolidinones which were derived from conformationally defined carbohydrate scaffolds.⁵ Besides that, carbohydrate-nitrogen heterocycle conjugates with non-glycosidic spiranic junction are interesting in terms of their biological activity. We will report on the diastereoselective alkylations of *N*-acyl oxazolidinones 3.

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